

REAL ANALYSIS I FINAL EXAM

1) Show that if p is a limit point of a Cauchy sequence then it is unique.

2) Show that $\sum_k a_k < \infty \Rightarrow \sum_k a_k^2 < \infty$ but *not* conversely.

3) Assuming Taylor's theorem, prove the binomial theorem

$$(1) \quad (a+b)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} a^{n-k} b^k.$$

Hint: Expand $f(x) = (1+x)^n$.

4) Determine $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{2}{n})^n$ and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 - \frac{1}{n})^n$.

5) Let f_k be the k th term in Fibonacci's sequence $f_0 = f_1 = 1$, $f_k = f_{k-1} + f_{k-2}$. Show that

$$(2) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f_n}{f_{n-1}}$$

exists and compute it.